

HC Precast System

(100 % Malaysia Technology With 6 IPs')

Economical . Eco Friendly . Quality

Industrialized Building System (IBS) Advantage



COMMERCIAL ADVANTAGES

- 1. Industrialized building system (IBS) superstructure in Malaysia 3 in 1
- 2. Customized & flexibility to suit all architectural demands
- 3. Lowering house price
- 4. Minimizing outflow currency by reduction of foreign workers 40%
- 5. IBS is cheaper than conventional method
- 6. Propose to government and private developer
- 7. No variation order
- 8. Reduce financing, overhead & earlier occupation of house due to shorter construction period



No leaking & crack

Comply to the code (BSI)

Comply building by law

In the construction of a building, there are always 4 types of joint namely

"L-shape " "T-shape " "Cross shape " "Straight joint "



3. Lowering House Price

- No preliminaries item
- Smooth and even surface to received skimcoat
- No primary undercoat for painting due to smooth skimcoat surface
- No rubbish cleaning
- Shorter construction period
- Reduce overhead due to shorter construction period
- Reduce the quantity of cement and screed to receive tiling work
- M & E shop drawing produce by HC Precast System without any extra charges
- No hacking for electrical and plumbing work
- No maintenance and no leaking & crack

Smooth and even surface to received skimcoat



No primary undercoat for painting due to smooth skimcoat surface



No primary undercoat for painting due to smooth skimcoat surface



• No rubbish cleaning





Reduce the quantity of cement and screed to receive tiling work



• M & E shop drawing produce by HC Precast System without any extra charges



M&E IBS system shop drawing (Subject to client / consultant confirmation)

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M&E IBS system shop drawing (Subject to client / consultant confirmation)

• No hacking for electrical and plumbing work



No maintenance and no leaking & crack



4. Minimizing Outflow Currency by reduction of foreign workers 40%



Labour Cost of Superstructure (Frame & Walls)

5. IBS is cheaper than conventional Method

Single Storey Semi-D : 1,297 sqft

Current material rate 2017

Summary : Cost per sqft GFA for Superstructure (Frame & Wall)

HC Precast System Vs Conventional Method

| | | | | A) Wall Hei | ght - 3.7 | ′1m | | B) Wall Hei | ght - 3.3 | 30m | | C) Wall Hei | ght - 3.(|)0m | l |
|-----------|------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---|
| | ltem | Description | Co | nventional | HC Pr | ecast System | Co | nventional | HC Pr | ecast System | Co | nventional | HC Pr | ecast System | |
| | | | Page Ref | Amount (RM) | Page Ref | Amount (RM) | Page Ref | Amount (RM) | Page Ref | Amount (RM) | Page Ref | Amount (RM) | Page Ref | Amount (RM) | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ц | Α | Superstructure & Wall | A2 | 47,485.61 | A3 | 37,205.37 | B2 | 43,081.78 | B3 | 33,427.12 | C2 | 39,496.20 | C3 | 30,664.87 | L |
| | | (Excluding Carporch Column, Beam, Wall & Coping) | | | | | | | | | | | | | l |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | l |
| | | Amount of Different (RM) | | | | 10,280.24 | | | | 9,654.66 | | | | 8,831.33 | ĺ |
| | | Percentage of Different (%) | | | | 21.65% | | | | 22.41% | | | | 22.36% | |
| | | Gross Floor Area (sqft) | | | | 1,297.00 | | | | 1,297.00 | | | | 1,297.00 | ĺ |
| | | Cost / sqft GFA (RM/sqft) | | 36.61 | | 28.69 | | 33.22 | | 25.77 | | 30.45 | | 23.64 | l |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | l |
| \square | в | Carporch Column, Beam, Wall & Coping | A4 | 4,902.01 | A4 | 3,061.40 | B4 | 4,902.01 | B4 | 3,061.40 | C4 | 4,902.01 | C4 | 3,061.40 | ſ |
| Τ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ſ |
| | | Amount of Different (RM) | | | | 1,840.61 | | | | 1,840.61 | | | | 1,840.61 | l |
| | | Percentage of Different (%) | | | | 37.55% | | | | 37.55% | | | | 37.55% | ſ |
| | | Gross Floor Area (sqft) | | | | 1,297.00 | | | | 1,297.00 | | | | 1,297.00 | ſ |
| | | Cost / sqft GFA (RM/sqft) | | 3.78 | | 2.36 | | 3.78 | | 2.36 | | 3.78 | | 2.36 | l |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ĺ |
| ſŤ | с | Total(A + B) | | 52,387.62 | | 40,266.77 | | 47,983.79 | | 36,488.52 | | 44,398.21 | | 33,726.27 | ſ |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ľ |
| | | Amount of Different (RM) | | | | 12,120.85 | | | | 11,495.27 | | | | 10,671.94 | |
| | | Percentage of Different (%) | | | | 23.14% | | | | 23.96% | | | | 24.04% | ľ |
| | | Gross Floor Area (sqft) | | | | 1,297.00 | | | | 1,297.00 | | | | 1,297.00 | ľ |
| ſŢ | | Cost / sqft GFA (RM/sqft) | | 40.39 | | 31.05 | | 37.00 | | 28.13 | | 34.23 | | 26.00 | ſ |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ľ |
| - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |

5. IBS is cheaper than conventional Method : Schedule of Rate per sqft GFA

Supply & install : Superstructure (frame & wall)

Schedule of Rate : Gross Floor Area (GFA) - per sqft

| Itom | Description | Unit | Estimate | | Ex-Factory | | (Lo | Logistic gistic Rate : RM 200 - RM 4 | 400 / m3) | Total (Ex-factory + Lo | ogistic) |
|--------|--|------|----------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|---|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| ILEITI | Description | Unit | Qty | Rate / m3 | Amount | Rate / ft2 | Rate / m3 | Amount | Rate / ft2 | Amount | Rate / ft2 |
| A | Double Storey Terrace House | | | | | | | | | | |
| в | 1) Intermediate Unit 1,600 ft2 <u>Single Storey Terrace House</u> | m3 | 51 - 55 | 900.00 | 45,900.00 - 49,500.00 | 28.69 - 30.94 | * 300.00 | 15,300.00 - 16,500.00 | 9.56 - 10.31 | 61,200.00 - 66,000.00 | 38.25 - 41.25 |
| c | 1) Intermediate Unit 1,000 ft2 Single Storey Semi - D House | m3 | 17 - 20 | 900.00 | 15,300.00 - 18,000.00 | 15.30 - 18.00 | * 300.00 | 5,100.00 - 6,000.00 | 5.10 - 6.00 | 20,400.00 - 24,000.00 | 20.40 - 24.00 |
| | 1) End Left Unit 1,150 ft2 | m3 | 21 - 23 | 900.00 | 18,900.00 - 20,700.00 | 16.43 - 18.00 | * 300.00 | 6,300.00 - 6,900.00 | 5.48 - 6.00 | 25,200.00 - 27,600.00 | 21.91 - 24.00 |
| | 1) Intermediate Unit 2,750 ft2 | m3 | 70 - 75 | 900.00 | 63,000.00 - 67,500.00 | 22.91 - 24.55 | * 300.00 | 21,000.00 - 22,500.00 | 7.64 - 8.18 | 84,000.00 - 90,000.00 | 30.55 - 32.73 |

Notes :

* Logistic Average Rate : RM 300.00 / m3

6. Propose to Government and Private Developer

Invite industrialized building system provider with manufacturing facility (flexibility to suit all architectural demands) to participate to built the show unit with work below and superstructure without finishing for the Government & Private Developer to identify the system in terms of green, environment, quality and speed for supply in its development.

1. Architect

- Appointed by the Government & Private Developer.
- Design of single storey bungalow of 1,000 ft2 (affordable home), up to superstructure without finishing.
- With M&E requirement.
- Wall finishing with plaster or skim coat only.
- Door and window frame opening.
- Ground floor without tiling.
- 2. Industrialized building system manufacturer have formed their BQ for superstructure (in terms of wall area) and to submit work program with sequence of work for record purposes.
- 3. Proper record by the Government & Private representative during construction, in terms of labour and machinery involved per day up to completion (superstructure only).
- 4. Cost Comparison for each Industrialized Building System Manufacturer by the Government & Private Developer (for superstructure only). Cost will be fixed for the selected manufacturer and supply to its development.

7. No Variation Order



































TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES

- 1. Earthquake resistance test and certified by Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM)
- 2. Conquas or Q-Lassic should be carried-out upon the completion of the superstructure works (frame & wall) instead of upon completion of finishing work
- 3. System provider / manufacturer should provide Installer of the building precast elements :
 - Precast elements must not involve many different manufactured components
- 4. Speed decided by client
- 5. Quality consistent to low cost or high end residential
- 6. No leaking & no crack
- 7. Precast element comply to the code & Building By Law
- 8. Industrialized Building System function as a system not a component or machine
 Open system and proprietary system is a technology

1. Earthquake resistance test and certified by Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM):

- 8 Different real earthquake in the world

NIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI





Earthquake Resistance System Tested on 18 August 2011 @ Laboratory of Shake Table Testing Faculty of Civil Engineering Universiti Teknologi Malaysia 81310 Skudai, Johor



Earthquake Resistance Test of Scaled-Down Double Storey Building of HC PRECAST SYSTEM SDN. BHD.

Under 8 different real earthquake time histories over the world as follow:

| Earthquake | Year | Scaled PGA (g) | Magnitude | Result |
|--------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| El-Centro, Califor | rnia 1940 | 0.96 | 7.1 | |
| Tabas, Iran | 1978 | 0.114 | 7.4 | |
| Irpinia, Italy | 1980 | 0.606 | 6.5 | |
| Kobe, Japan | 1995 | 1.035 | 6.9 | e |
| New Zealand | 1987 | 0.165 | 5.6 | I |
| Taiwan SMART | F1 1983 | 0.117 | 6.8 | |
| Duzce, Turkey | 1999 | 0.075 | 7.1 | |
| Malaysia Artific | ial - | 0.606 | - | |

The HC PRECAST SYSTEM performed extremely well throughout all the earthquake tests without any visible cracks or damages $\Lambda \Lambda$

Dr Azlan Adnan Professor of Structural Earthquake Engineering Faculty of Civil Engineering, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia 2. Conquas or Q-Lassic should be carried-out upon the completion of the superstructure works (frame & wall) instead of upon completion of finishing work











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3. System provider or manufacturer should provide installer of the building precast elements

- Precast elements must not involve many different manufactured components



4. Speed decided by client



Future development 13 acres : 2,500 to 3,500 units of single storey (1000 ft2) per year

Existing production 8 acres : 1,800 to 2,500 units of single storey (1000 ft2) per year

5. Quality consistent to low cost or high end residential



6. No leaking & No crack : A 10-year old 2 storey building (without maintenance & touch up) built by precast system and exposed to weather



7. IBS comply to the code & Building By Law

HC Precast System

(100 % Malaysia Technology With 6 lps')

IBS Superstructure In Malaysia 3 in 1

- Load bearing wall

- Modular shear keys (wet joint)

- Box system

Customized & Flexibility To Suit All Architectural Demands

The system is a proprietary technology that has been established in accordance to British Standards (BSI) and is also a patented technology.

The main design of the connection system has also been subjected to detail checking by an Independent Checker.

Hence, the specifications are not to be altered without proper engineering study to ensure the safety and integrity of the precast system.



Table 6.2 — Minimum period before striking formwork (concrete made with Portland cement 42.5 to BS 12:1991 or sulfate-resisting Portland cement 42.5 to BS 4027:1991)

| Type of framework | Minimum period before striking | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Surface temperature of concrete | | | | | | |
| | 16 °C and above | t °C (any temperature between 0 °C and 16 °C) | | | | | |
| Vertical formwork to columns, walls and large beams | 12 h | $\frac{300}{t+10}h$ | | | | | |
| Soffit formwork to slabs | 4 days | $\frac{100}{t+10}$ days | | | | | |
| Soffitt formwork to beams and props to slabs | 10 days | $\frac{250}{t+10}$ days | | | | | |
| Props to beams | 14 days | $\frac{360}{t+10}$ days | | | | | |
| NOTE This table can be appli cement strength classes. | ied to PC and | SRPC of higher | | | | | |

7. IBS comply to the code & Building By Law



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LAWS OF MALAYSIA

UNIFORM BUILDING BY-LAWS

All amendments up to May, 2006

ACT 133

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K.L. Showroom: Lot L3-04, 3rd Floor, Shaw Parade, Changkat Thambi Dollah, 55100 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-21457745

PRICE: RM 18.00

(3) Every brick or masonry wall of a building founded on strip footings shall be provided with a damp proof course which shall

[Section 84 - 86]

- (a) at a height of not less than 150 millimetres above the surface of the ground adjoining the wall; and
- (b) beneath the level of the underside of the lowest timbers of the ground floor resting on the wall, or where the ground floor is a solid floor, not higher than the level of the upper surface of the concrete or other similar solid material forming the structure of the floor.

(4) Where any part of a floor of the lowest or only storey of a building is below the surface of the adjoining ground and a wall or part of a wall of the storey is in contact with the ground—

- (a) the wall or part of the wall shall be constructed or provided with a vertical damp proof course so as to be impervious to moisture from its base to a height of not less than 150 millimetres above the surface of the ground; and
- (b) an additional damp proof course shall be inserted in the wall or part of the wall at its base.

(5) Where the floor or any part of the walls of a building is subject to water pressure, that portion of the floor or wall below ground level shall be waterproof.

85: For the purposes of this Part wherever references are made venial to the thickness of any brick wall, the maximum or minimum thickness of such wall shall not exceed the nominal thickness plus or minus the maximum tolerance permissible under any standard specification.

86. (1) All party walls shall generally be of not less than 200 Party walls millimetres total thickness of solid masonry or *insitu* concrete which may be made up of two separate skins each of not less than 100 millimetres thickness if constructed at different times:

Provided that in multi-storeyed flats and terrace houses of reinforced concrete or of protected steel framed construction having floors and roofs constructed to the requirements of these By-laws, the party wall thereof shall not be less than 100 millimetres total thickness.

(2) Party walls in single storeyed houses may be in load-bearing 100 millimetres solid masonry or *insitu* concrete provided the requirements of Part V, VI and VII of these By-laws are complied with.

(3) All party walls shall be carried above the upper surface of the roof to a distance of not less than 230 millimetres at right angles to such upper surface.

2006

THANK YOU